ABN: 85001057585

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

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For the year end	ded 30 June	2023
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Directors' report
Auditor's independence declaration
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
Statement of financial position
Statement of changes in equity
Statement of cash flows
Notes to the financial statements
Directors' declaration
Independent audit report

Directors' report 30 June 2023

The directors present their report on Club Ryde for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to date of the report

are:	
Peter Simmons	
Qualifications	Retired
Experience	Appointed 31 July 2016
Special responsibilities	Chairman
Sarah Bishop	
Qualifications	Legal Executive Assistant
Experience	Appointed 1 April 2021
Special responsibilities	Vice Chair
Joanne Mitchell	
Qualifications	Retired
Experience	Appointed 16 February 2020
Special responsibilities	Director
John Outridge	
Qualifications	Maintenance Supervisor
Experience	Appointed 31 July 2016
Special responsibilities	Director

Matthew Prosser

Qualifications **Business Development Manager** Appointed 23 January 2022 Experience

Director Special responsibilities

Lawrence Shepherd

Qualifications **Managing Director**

Experience Resigned 1 November 2022

Special responsibilities Director

Edilia Ford

Qualifications Retired

Experience Resigned 7 September 2022

Special responsibilities Director

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of the report unless otherwise stated.

Directors' report 30 June 2023

Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 12 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Number	Number
	eligible to	
	attend	attended
Peter Simmons	11	11
Sarah Bishop	11	10
John Outridge	11	11
Joanne Mitchell	11	10
Matthew Prosser	11	8
Lawrence Shepherd	4	4
Edilia Ford	1	-

Principal activities

The principal activity of Club Ryde during the financial year was the conduct and promotion of a licensed social club for its members and guests.

No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Operating results

The profit/(loss) of the Company after providing for income tax amounted to \$648,588 (2022: \$48,565).

Significant changes in state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

Events after the reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Future developments and results

Likely future developments of the club are in the research phase and have not been included in the financial report due to likely unreasonable prejudice and commercial confidence implications.

Environmental issues

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

Directors' report 30 June 2023

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of Club Ryde.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 30 June 2023 has been received and can be found on page 5 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of directors.

Peter Simmons

Director

Dated: 13/9/2023

Sarah Bishop

Jarah fishop

Director



Auditor's independence declaration to the directors of Club Ryde

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2023, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Waldie & Co

Leon Patterson

Partner

4/65 Manning Street, Kiama NSW 2533

Club Ryde

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023	2022
	_	\$	\$
Revenue	5		
Revenue from contracts with customers		4,240,706	2,921,504
Finance income	6	268	3
Other income	5	316,136	224,788
Total income		4,557,110	3,146,295
Depreciation and amortisation		(586,075)	(557,227)
Employee benefit expenses		(1,176,045)	(806,616)
Finance expenses	6	(86)	(8,226)
Other expenses		(2,699,572)	(1,725,661)
Total expenses		(4,461,778)	(3,097,730)
Profit (loss) before income taxes		95,332	48,565
Income tax	7	552,256	
Profit (loss) for the year		647,588	48,565
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
Items that will not be classified subsequently to profit			
or loss			
Revaluation changes for property, plant and equipment		4,600,000	4,105,000
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		4,600,000	4,105,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		5,247,588	4,153,565

Club Ryde
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,296,173	1,368,064
Trade and other receivables	11	35,968	10,615
Inventories	12	58,995	43,502
Other assets	15	37,568	37,993
Total current assets		1,428,704	1,460,174
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	32,791,733	28,067,110
Deferred tax assets	8	552,256	-
Total non-current assets		33,343,989	28,067,110
Total assets		34,772,693	29,527,284
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	188,775	276,964
Borrowings	17	56,928	55,507
Employee benefits	18	22,046	30,809
Contract liabilities	13	45,353	23,100
Total current liabilities		313,102	386,380
Non-current liabilities			.A.
Borrowings	17	75,904	-
Employee benefits	18	18,109	23,914
Total non-current liabilities		94,013	23,914
Total liabilities		407,115	410,294
Net assets		34,365,578	29,116,990
Equity			
Retained earnings		11,731,778	11 00/ 100
Reserves	20	22,632,800	11,084,190 18,032,800
Total equity	20	34,364,578	29,116,990

Club Ryde

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2023

0	Retained	Revaluation		
2022	earnings	surplus	Total	Total equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance	11,035,625	13,927,800	24,963,425	24,963,425
Profit for the year	48,565	•	48,565	4 8,565
Transfers to/(from)	-	4,105,000	4,105,000	4,105,000
Closing balance	11,084,190	18,032,800	29,116,990	29,116,990
	Retained	Revaluation		
2023	earnings	surplus	Total	Total equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance	11,084,190	18,032,800	29,116,990	29,116,990
Profit for the year	647,588	-	647,588	647,588
Transfers to/(from)	-	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000
Closing balance	11,731,778	22,632,800	34,364,578	34,364,578

Club Ryde

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	4,561,066	3,164,847
Payments to suppliers and employees	(3,857,417)	(2,577,609)
Interest received	268	3
Finance costs	(86)	(8,226)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	703,831	579,015
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(710,698)	(249,671)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings	132,832	-
Payment of borrowings	(197,856)	(333,050)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	(65,024)	(333,050)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(71,891)	(3,706)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,368,064	1,371,769
Other	-	1
Total Title	1,296,173	1,368,064

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

1. Introduction

The financial report covers Club Ryde as an individual entity. Club Ryde is a not-for-profit Company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The principal activities of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023 were the conduct and promotion of a licensed social club for its members and guests.

The functional and presentation currency of Club Ryde is Australian dollars.

The financial report was authorised for issue by those charged with governance on 14 September 2023.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

The Company is an entity to which ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Report) Instrument 2016/191 and accordingly amounts in the financial statements and have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Income tax

The Company subject to income tax on its investment income and on income derived from non-members, less all allowable deductions applicable to this assessable income. Income derived from members is not subject to income tax in accordance with the principle of mutuality. It is therefore inappropriate to compare income tax payable with net income disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income.

b. Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred,

c. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

Cash flows in the Statement of cash flows are included on a net basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

d. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Company determines whether there is evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

e. Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

i. Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

- · amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss FVTPL
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instrument (FVOCI equity)
- fair value through other comprehensive income debt investments (FVOCI debt)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

Amortised cost

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for the following assets:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost
- debt investments measured at FVOCI.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significant since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Company uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse to the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

Trade receivables and contract assets

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Company has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and contract asset and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

Where the Company renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

ii. Financial liabilities

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

f. Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Company has adopted all standards which became effective for the first time at 30 June 2023, the adoption of these standards has not caused any material adjustments to the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the Company.

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The directors make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

a. Key estimates - impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

Notes to the financial statementsFor the year ended 30 June 2023

b. Key estimates - inventory

Each item on inventory is reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether it is being carried at higher than its net realisable value. During the year, management have written down inventory based on best estimate of the net realisable value, although until the time that inventory is sold this is an estimate.

c. Key estimates - property held at fair value

An independent valuation of property (land and buildings) carried at fair value was obtained on 01 July 2021. The directors have reviewed this valuation and updated it based on valuation indexes for the area in which the property is located.

d. Key estimates - receivables

The fair value of investment properties was determined using a discounted cash flow model which used a number of unobservable inputs. Information about the inputs and assumptions used are included in the fair value and investment property notes.

e. Key judgments - taxes

Deferred tax assets

Determining income tax provisions involves judgment on the tax treatment of certain transactions. Deferred tax is recognised on tax losses not yet used and on temporary differences where it is probable that there will be taxable revenue against which these can be offset. Management has made judgments as to the probability of future taxable revenues being generated against which tax losses will be available for offset based on budgets, current and future expected economic conditions.

Different jurisdictions

The Company is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5. Revenue and other income

a. Accounting policy

i. Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

Generally, the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Company have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

ii. Specific revenue streams

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Company are:

Bar and function revenue

These revenue streams are recognised at point of sale as the goods or services are provided to the customer.

Gaming revenue

Gaming and poker machine revenue is recognised at the finalisation of each day on a cumulative basis.

iii. Rental income

Investment property revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over a period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

iv. Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Company is entitled to it.

v. Volunteer services

No amounts are included in the financial statements for services donated by volunteers.

Club Ryde

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

b. Revenue from continuing operations

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers (AASB 15)		
Sale of goods		
Bennelong Bar	1,066,953	607,945
Bounty Bar - Auditorium	534	3,211
Foyer Takeaways	11,455	12,219
Coffee Sales	21,635	12,179
Bar Food Sales	19,214	10,906
Raffles Wednesday	41,397	30,768
Raffles Friday	31,173	27,027
Raffles Sunday	40,409	29,859
Raffles Thursday	2,600	1,545
Raffles- Toy Raffle Xmas	2,605	2,735
Christmas Raffle	3,330	-
Easter Raffle	2,325	925
Container Bar	57,464	-
Green Functions	16,919	-
Melbourne Cup	3,960	180
Total Sale of goods	1,321,973	739,499
Provision of services		
Poker Machine Revenue	13,236,215	8,763,387
Gaming GST Rebate	17,180	17,180
Poker machine payouts	(10,368,339)	(6,734,338)
Total Provision of services	2,885,056	2,046,229
Grants		
Jobkeeper Subsidy Payments	-	95,702
Other grants	5,000	15,000
Service NSW Stimulus	1,287	(54)
Total Grants	6,287	110,648
Member subscriptions	15,872	7,927
Other revenue from contracts with customers	11,518	17,201
	4,240,706	2,921,504
	4,240,706	2,921,504

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

c. Other income

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Commissions	108,061	77,920
Rental income	198,590	142,949
Other income	9,485	3,919
	316,136	224,788

6. Finance income and expenses

Finance income	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Interest income		
Other interest income	268	3
	268	3
Finance expenses	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Interest expense	86	8,226

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

7. Income tax expense

a. Accounting policy

The tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises of current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

b. Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit for the year		
Profit for the year	647,588	48,565
Add back income tax expense	(552,256)	-
Total Profit for the year	95,332	48,565
Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities	23,833	12,627
before income tax at 25% (2022: 25%)		
Add tax effect of:		
Deductible mutuality expense	34,059	37,926
Non-deductible expenses	14,485	26,904
	48,544	64,830
Less tax effect of:		
Non-taxable member income arising from principle of	54,359	37,506
mutuality		
Deductible temporary differences	27,011	25,785
Tax losses utilised	-	14,166
	81,370	77,457
Income tax current period	(8,993)	_
Income tax expense	(8,993)	•
Weighted average effective tax rate (%)	(579)	_

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

8. Tax assets and liabilities

a. Accounting policy

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax assets are measured at the amounts expected to be recovered from the relevant taxation authority.

b. Tax assets and liabilities details

The Club has reviewed future forecasts and budgets and due to the ongoing profitable position it was found to be probable that historic tax losses would likely be utilised in future years which was why it was deemed appropriate to recognise a deferred tax asset in accordance with AASB112 Income Taxes.

2023	Opening balance \$	Charged to income \$	Charged directly to equity \$	Changes in tax rate \$	Exchange difference \$	Closing balance \$
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses	-	552,256	-	-	-	552,256

9. Auditor's remuneration

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the Company, Waldie & Co, for:		
Fees for assurance services required under legislation to be	23,000	21,500
performed by the auditor		

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

10. Cash and cash equivalents

a. Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

b. Cash and cash equivalent details

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	1,091,173	1,163,064
Cash on hand	200,000	200,000
Short-term deposits	5,000	5,000
	1,296,173	1,368,064

c. Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	1,091,173	1,163,064
Short-term deposits	5,000	5,000
Cash on hand	200,000	200,000
Total Cash and cash equivalents	1,296,173	1,368,064
	1,296,173	1,368,064

11. Trade and other receivables

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	11,068	5,863
GST receivable	24,900	4,752
	35,968	10,615

Notes to the financial statementsFor the year ended 30 June 2023

12. Inventories

a. Accounting policy

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the first-in-first-out basis and is net of any rebates and discounts received. Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary.

b. Inventory details

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
At cost		
Other inventories for sale	58,995	43,502

13. Contract balances

The Company has recognised the following contract assets and liabilities from contracts with customers:

Current contract liabilities	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Club grants liability	45,353	23,100

The nature of contract assets and liabilities are as follows:

Club grants was established in 1998 to ensure registered clubs in NSW with profits over \$1 million contribute financial or in-kind support to local community services, programs, and projects.

14. Property, plant and equipment

a. Accounting policy

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

i. Land

Land is measured using the revaluation model.

ii. Buildings, plant and equipment

Buildings, plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

iii. Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life.

The estimated useful lives used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Useful life
Land	0%
Buildings	2.5%
Capital works in progress	0%
Plant and equipment	15%
Motor vehicles	20%
Poker Machines	15%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

When an asset is disposed, the gain or loss is calculated by comparing proceeds received with its carrying amount and is taken to profit or loss.

b. Property, plant and equipment details

Summary	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Land	27,600,000	23,000,000
Buildings	3,364,309	3,483,833
Capital works in progress	180,221	79,039
Plant and equipment	598,868	485,642
Motor vehicles	32,475	39,859
Poker Machines	1,015,860	978,737
	32,791,733	28,067,110

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

			Capital works	Plant and	Motor	Poker	
2023	Land	Buildings	in progress	equipment	vehicles	Machines	Total
	⇔	₩	₩.	₩	₩	₩	₩
Opening balance						-	
Opening balance	23,000,000	3,483,833	79,039	485.641	39.859	978 737	28 067 109
Additions				1 .)		1011010	50,007,103
אממוחוא	•		101,182	193,588	r	415,933	710.703
Disposals	ı	1	•	•	•	9	
Bevaluation changes	4 700 000				I	(c)	(c)
ייכיישוממוטון כוומוואכא	4,600,000	•	•		•	•	4.600.000
Depreciation	•	(119,524)	•	(80.361)	(7 384)	(378 805)	(586,074)
Closing halange	000 000 10		1	(======================================	(100(1)	(200,000)	(+10,000)
	77,600,000	3,364,309	180,221	598,868	32,475	1,015,860	32,791,733

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

c. Fair value measurement

Accrued expenses

The Company measures the following property, plant and equipment at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Basis fo	r determining		
Property, plant and equipment	value			
Land	The free	hold land		
	was reva	alued by the		
	directors	based on		
	the notic	ce of		
		n from the		
		Valuer General dated		
	1 July 20	022		
15. Other assets				
Current	2023	2022		
	\$			
Other assets				
Prepayments	1,804	-		
Other assets	35,764	37,993		
	37,568	37,993		
L6. Trade and other payables				
Current	2023	2022		
	\$	\$		
rade payables	114,931	177,281		
Employee benefits				
PAYG Withholding Payable	1,337	4,643		
Superannuation Payable	8,859	12,234		
Salary Sacrifice Motor Vehicle	-	(11,202)		
otal Employee benefits	10,196	5,675		

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

94,008

276,964

63,648 188,775

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

17. Borrowings

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Secured		
Other borrowings	56,928	55,507
Non-current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Secured		
Other borrowings	75,904	-

a. Summary of borrowings

Borrowings are made up of Chattel Mortgages used to purchase poker machines and poker machine systems.

b. Defaults and breaches

During the current and prior year, there were no defaults or breaches on any of the loans.

c. The carrying amounts of non-current assets pledged as collateral for liabilities are:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
First mortgage		
Multi Gaming System	130,610	172,830
	130,610	172,830

18. Employee benefits

a. Accounting policy

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits, those benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statementsFor the year ended 30 June 2023

231,490

i. Defined contribution schemes

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees.

b. Employee benefit details

Current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Annual leave	22,046	30,809
Non-current	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Long service leave	18,109	23,914

19. Financial risk management

Financial assets	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,296,173	1,368,064
Trade and other receivables	35,968	10,615
	1,332,141	1,378,679
Financial liabilities	2023	2022

20. Reserves

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revaluation surplus	22,632,800	18,032,800

a. Revaluation surplus

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

The asset revaluation reserve records fair value movements on property, plant and equipment held under the revaluation model.

276,964

Notes to the financial statementsFor the year ended 30 June 2023

21. Members' guarantee

The Company is incorporated under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$2 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2023 the number of members was 7,277 (2022: 6,198).

22. Contingencies

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 2023 (2022: None).

23. Related parties

a. The Company's main related parties are as follows:

The remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Company is \$218,059 (2022: \$196,862).

The key management personnel include the directors as disclosed in the Directors' Report together with the CEO. The totals of remuneration, which includes director honorariums, paid to the key management personnel of Ryde Ex-Services Memorial & Community Club Limited during the year are as follows:

b. Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

24. Cash flow information

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2023	2022 \$
	\$	
Profit for the year	647,588	48,565
Add / (less) non-cash items:		
Depreciation and amortisation	586,075	557,227
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(increase) / decrease in receivables	(18,312)	18,556
(increase) / decrease in inventories	(15,493)	5,945
(increase) / decrease in other assets	(6,615)	(33,174)
(increase) / decrease in contract assets	22,253	-
(increase) / decrease in deferred tax assets	(552,256)	-
increase / (decrease) in payables	54,159	(19,481)
increase / (decrease) in employee benefits	(14,568)	1,377
Cash flows from operations	702,831	579,015

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

25. Events occurring after the reporting date

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

26. Statutory information

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is:

Club Ryde 728 Victoria Road Ryde NSW Australia 2112

Directors' declaration

The directors of the Company declare that:

The financial statements and notes for the year ended 30 June 2023 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:

- · comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures; and
- give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.

In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable with the continuing support of creditors.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Peter Simmons

Director

Dated: 13/9/23.

Sarah Bishop

Jarah Sistop

Director



Independent audit report to the members of Club Ryde

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a simplified disclosure financial report of Club Ryde (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- 1. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- 2. complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code)* that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

Waldie & Co

Leon Patterson

Partner

4/65 Manning Street, Kiama NSW 2533